RRC—Surgery Members

- Thomas V. Whalen, MD, Chair
- James C. Hebert, MD, Vice Chair/Incoming Chair
- Paris Butler, MD, Resident
- Timothy R. Billiar, MD
- G. Patrick Clagett, MD
- Ronald Dalman, MD
- Peter J. Fabri, MD
- Linda M. Harris, MD
- G. Whit Holcomb, MD
- J. Patrick O’Leary, MD
- Marshall Z. Schwartz, MD
- Charles W. Van Way III, MD, Incoming Vice Chair
- Marc K. Wallack, MD
- Frank Lewis, MD, Ex-Officio ABS
- Patrice Blair, MPH, Ex-Officio ACS
# Accredited Programs

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Programs</th>
<th>Cont. Accred.</th>
<th>Initial Accred.</th>
<th>Other</th>
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<td>Surgery</td>
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<td>Pediatric Surgery</td>
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<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>508</td>
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Program Reviews

- 3 meetings per year
- Two reviewers – Primary and secondary
- Materials reviewed
  - Program history
  - SVR
  - Case logs
  - PIF
  - Resident surveys
  - ABS QE/CE reports
- Templated member submissions
- Consent agenda
- Meeting Discussion
Site Visit Results 2010

• 253 programs were surveyed
  – 68 administrative requests at meetings
  – 283 administrative interim decisions

• 387 citations issued by RRC
  – (2.09 citations per program)

• Average cycle length: 3.89 yrs.

• Common Citations
  – Education Program – Procedural Experience
  – Evaluation– Residents, Faculty, Program
Program Change Requests through ADS

- Processed and reviewed when posted
- Reasons for denials – Many are failure to provide the necessary information.
  - Resident complement – inadequate case numbers, program concerns, inadequate block diagram.
  - Program director changes – experience, credentials, scholarly activity, resident education not 1º activity.
  - Clinical site change – No educational rationale, number of months for each resident at each level does not = 12
ISSUES

• International rotations – now permitted by ABS and ACS but need prior approval
• Endoscopy numbers – RRC-S endorsed ACS response
• New common program requirements
• Other areas of change
New Common Program Requirements

• Effective 7/1/2011
• Specialty Specific language for Surgery and Surgery Sub-specialties approved
• FAQs will be posted on ACGME Surgery RRC webpage
• VI.D.1. - In the clinical learning environment, each patient must have an identifiable, appropriately-credentialed and privileged attending physician (or licensed independent practitioner as approved by each Review Committee) who is ultimately responsible for that patient’s care.
New Common Program Requirements

• VI.D.5.a).(1) - Supervision of Residents: In particular, PGY-1 residents should be supervised either directly or indirectly with direct supervision immediately available.

• FAQ-1
VI.D.5.a).(1)- Indirect Supervision Defined

• Patient Management Competencies
  – evaluation and management of a patient admitted to hospital
  – pre-operative evaluation and management
  – evaluation and management of post-operative patients
  – transfer of patients between hospital units or hospitals
  – discharge of patients from the hospital
  – interpretation of laboratory results

• b. Procedural Competencies
  – performance of basic venous access procedures, including establishing intravenous access
  – placement and removal of nasogastric tubes and Foley catheters
  – arterial puncture for blood gases
VI.D.5.a).(1)- Direct Supervision Defined

- **a. Patient Management Competencies**
  - initial evaluation and management of patients in the urgent or emergent situation,
  - evaluation and management of post-operative complications,
  - evaluation and management of critically-ill patients, either immediately post-operatively or in the intensive care unit,
  - management of patients in cardiac or respiratory arrest (ACLS required)

- **b. Procedural Competencies**
  - carry-out of advanced vascular access procedures, including central venous catheterization, temporary dialysis access, and arterial cannulation
  - repair of surgical incisions of the skin and soft tissues
  - repair of skin and soft tissue lacerations
  - excision of lesions of the skin and subcutaneous tissues
  - tube thoracostomy
  - paracentesis
  - endotracheal intubation
  - bedside debridement
New Common Program Requirements

• VI.E. - Clinical Responsibilities: The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY-level, patient safety, resident education, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition and available support services.

• FAQ-2
VI.E Clinical Responsibilities - Defined

All members of the team should be instructed in:

- recognition of and sensitivity to the experience and competency of other team members;
- time management;
- management skills to prioritize tasks as the dynamics of a patient’s needs change;
- recognizing when an individual becomes overburdened with duties that cannot be accomplished within an allotted time;
- communication, so that if all required tasks cannot be accomplished in a timely fashion, appropriate methods are established to hand off the remaining task(s) to another team member at the end of a duty period;
- signs and symptoms of fatigue not only in oneself, but in other team members;
- Compliance with work hours limits imposed at the various levels of education; and,
- Team development
New Common Program Requirements

• VI.F. -Teamwork: Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes effective communication. This must include the opportunity to work as a member of effective inter professional teams that are appropriate to the delivery of care in the specialty.

• FAQ -3
Effective surgical practices entail the involvement of members with a mix of complementary skills and attributes (physicians, nurses, and other staff). Success requires both an unwavering mutual respect for those skills and contributions, and a shared commitment to the process of patient care.

Residents must collaborate with fellow surgical residents, and especially with faculty, other physicians outside of their specialty, and non-traditional health care providers, to best formulate treatment plans for an increasingly diverse patient population.

Residents must assume personal responsibility to complete all tasks to which they are assigned (or which they voluntarily assume) in a timely fashion. These tasks must be completed in the hours assigned, or, if that is not possible, residents must learn and utilize the established methods for handing off remaining tasks to another member of the resident team so that patient care is not compromised.

Lines of authority should be defined by programs, and all residents must have a working knowledge of these expected reporting relationships to maximize quality care and patient safety.
New Common Program Requirements - Duty Hours - PGY1

- VI.G.4.a) Duty periods of PGY-1 residents must not exceed 16 hours in duration.
- VI.G.5.a) PGY-1 residents should have 10 hours, and must have eight hours, free of duty between scheduled duty periods.
New Common Program Requirements – Duty Hours Intermediate Level

• VI.G.5.b) - Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods: Intermediate-level residents [as defined by the Review Committee] should have 10 hours free of duty, and must have eight hours between scheduled duty periods. They must have at least 14 hours free of duty after 24 hours of in-house duty.

• PGY-2 and PGY-3 residents are considered to be at the intermediate level.
New Common Program Requirements - Duty Hours

Final Years

• VI.G.5.c) - Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods: Residents in the final years of education [as defined by the Review Committee] must be prepared to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine and care for patients over irregular

• Residents at the PGY-4 level and beyond are considered to be in the final years of education.
VI.G.5.c).(1) - Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods: This preparation must occur within the context of the 80-hour, maximum duty period length, and one-day-off-in-seven standards. While it is desirable that residents in their final years of education have eight hours free of duty between scheduled duty periods, there may be circumstances [as defined by the Review Committee] when these residents must stay on duty to care for their patients or return to the hospital with fewer than eight hours free of duty.

FAQ-4
Acceptable circumstances for < 8 hours between duty periods
Residents in their final years only

- Continuity of care for patients, such as for:
  - a patient on whom a resident operated/intervened that day who needs return to the operating room (OR);
  - a patient on whom a resident operated/intervened that day who requires transfer to the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) from a lower level of care;
  - a patient on whom a resident operated/intervened that day who is in the ICU and is critically unstable;
  - a patient on whom a resident operated/intervened during that hospital admission, and who needs to return to the OR for a reason related to the procedure previously performed by resident; or,
  - a patient or patient’s family with whom a resident needs to discuss limitation of treatment/DNR/DNI orders for critically-ill patient on whom the resident operated.

- A declared emergency or disaster, for which the residents are included in the disaster plan; or,

- To perform high profile, low frequency procedures necessary for competence in the field. Program would need to demonstrate marginal numbers of complex cases and resident not at minimum required number for the area.
New Common Program Requirements

- VI.G.6. - Maximum Frequency of In-House Night Float: Residents must not be scheduled for more than six consecutive nights of night float. [The maximum number of consecutive weeks of night float, and maximum number of months of night float per year may be further specified by the Review Committee.]

- Residents must not be scheduled for more than six consecutive nights of night float.

- Night float rotations must not exceed two months in duration, and there can be no more than three months of night float per year. There must be at least two months between each night float rotation.
Other Proposed Changes

• Simulation – assessing curriculum implementation
• A change in the maximum amount of time devoted to one content area in the chief year (moving from 4 to 6 months)
• Changing the requirement for a transplant “rotation” to a transplant “experience” (this is less restrictive and consistent with the rest of the PR document).
• Elimination of the distinction between non-designated and designated Preliminaries (only having categorical and preliminary)
• Changing the maximum number of preliminaries from 200% to 300% of approved PGY5 categorical residents
• Thank you

I look forward to working with all of you to continually improve resident education.